Telangana State Board of Intermediate Education, Hyderabad

SYLLABUS

(w.e.f. 2019-20)

HISTORY - I

UNIT -I: Sources and Geographical Influence on Indian History

Literary Sources

- a) Indian Sources (i) Religious Sources (ii) Secular Sources
- b) Foreign Sources Greek, Roman, Chinese

Archeological Sources

a) Archeological Remains b) Inscriptions c) Coins d) Monuments

Influence of Geography on Indian History

- a) Geographical Features: Mountains Plains Rivers Costal area Deserts
- b) Cultural Diversities

UNIT - II: Indus Valley Civilization & Vedic Culture

Indus Valley Civilization: Pre Harrappan Cultures - Meharghar Excavations - Extension/ Extent - Major Sites of IVC Town Planning - Bricks - Underground Drianage System - Grate bath - Granaries - Ports - Docayads - Trade and Commerce - Art Religion - Script - Social Conditions - Decline Theories

Vedic Culture: Literary Sources - Archeological; Early Vedic - Political Social - Economy - Religious Conditions; Later Vedic - Political Social - Economy - Religious Conditions; Science and Technology - Development of literature

UNIT - III: Socio - Religious Movements in Ancient India

Origin of new Religious Sects; Jainism - Tirthankaras, Mahavira, Jain philosophy; Buddhism - Goutamabuddah - Buddhist Philosophy; Contribution of Jainism and Buddhism to Indian Culture; Charwakas - Ajavikas - Lokayatas; Causes of Decline

UNIT - IV: Origin of State & Mauryan Empire

Mahajanapadas - Growth of Magadha; Invasion of Greek & Persian, Alaxandar's Invasion Mauryan Empire: Political History - Chandragupta, Bimbisara Ashoka & others; Ashoka Damma - Administration - Social conditions - Economy; Art & Architecture - Causes for Decline.

Brief History of Post Mauryan : Foreign Invasion, Parthians – Shakas - Kushans - Kanishka - Gandhara Art - Sangam Age – Chola - Chera - Pandya - Literature

UNIT - V: Imperial Guptas

Guptas - Political History - Chandra Gupta - Samudra Gupta - Chandra Gupta II - Kumara Gupta; Administration - Socio & Economic Conditions; Religion, Art & Architecture - Science & Technology; Decline - Hunas - Fahiyan; Post Guptas - Harshavardhana - Political History; Mahamoksha Prasishid - Education Development - Nalanda; Huyantsang

UNIT - VI: Age of Rajputs

Origin - Theories; Paramaras - Pratiharas - Gahadwalas - Solankis - Palas - Chahamanas - Prithviraj Chauhans; Arab conquest of Sindhu - Muhammad Bin Kasim; Ghazni Muhammad - Ghori Muhammad - Tarain Wars

UNIT - VII: South Indian Kingdoms

Pallavas – Brief Political History; Cultural Contribution - Art & Architecture - Society - Religion - Literature - Ghatikas; Chalukyas - Western Chalukyas - Pulakesin-II - Art & Architecture; Kalyani – Vengi and Rashtrakotas - Art & Architecture ; Cholas – Brief Political History - Cholas Administration- Local Self Government - Art & Architecture

UNIT - VIII: Sultanate Dynasties

Brief Political History of All the Five Dynasties; Sultan Razya - Balban his Grateness; Khaljis - Allauddin Khalji and his reforms - Muhammad-Bin-Tughlaq his reforms; Administration, Socio and Economic Conditions; Indo-Islamic Culture; Bhakti & Sufi Movements; Brief History of Vijayanagara Kingdom

UNIT - IX: Age of Mughals

Political History – Babur - Humayun; Sur Dynasty – Shersha Sur and his reforms; Akbar - Jahangir - Noor Jahan - Shah Jahan - Aurangzeb; Administrative Reforms - Socio, Economical Conditions - Religious and Cultural conditions - Decline of Mughal Empire

UNIT - X: Marathas and Rise of Regional Powers

Factors Led to Rise of Marathas; Shivaji – Early Life - His Conquests; Afzal Khan Episode - Relation with Mughals; Coranation – Administration - Ashtapradhans; Brief History of Peeshwas - Baji Rao - Balaji Vishwanath; Punjab: Rise of Sikhs - Ranjith Singh

UNIT - XI: Advent of Europeans

Rise of British Power (Early European Settlements in India; Portuguese – Danish - Dutch - English - French; Anglo French Rivelry - Karnataka Wars; Establishment of British Supremacy - Plassy, Baxar Wars; Anglo Mysore War - Anglo Maratha War; British Administrative Reforms - Trade and Commerce - Decline of Indian Industry; Land Revenue - Zameendari - Raitwari - Mahalwari

UNIT - XII: Early Uprisings against British Rule

Tribal, Civil Rebellions and Peasant Revolts; 1857 Revolts – Causes – Scope and Nature – Results; Proclamation of Queen Victoria 1858; Administrative Reforms of Viceroys - Lytton-Rippan

UNIT - XIII: Socio-Religious Reform Movement in India

Development of Western Education and Ideas; Social Movements – Brahma Samaj - Raja Ram Mohan Roy - Rama Krishna Mission - Satya Shodak Samaj - Phule - Narayan Guru – Periyar - Dr.B.R.Ambedkar Religious Movements - Arya Samaj - Theosophical Society Aligarh Movement - Parsi Movement - Deuobandh Movement

UNIT - XIV: National Movement - Early Phase

Growth of Nationalism - Early Association - Establishment of INC; Moderate Phase - Council Acts; Extremist Phase - Partition of Bengal - Vandemataram Movement; Minto Marle Reforms - Muslim League; Home Rule Movement - Tilak - Anne Besant

UNIT - XV: National Movement - Later Phase

Gandhian Era - Early Life - Movements ; Rowalt Act - Jalianwala Bagh Massacar ; Khilafat Movement - Non-Cooperation Movement ; Swaraj Party - Moti Lal Nehru ; Siman Commission - Lahore Declaration ; Civil Disobedience Movement - Round Table Conferences - Irwin Pact - Puna Pact ; 1935 Act - Cripps Mission - 1942 Quit India Movement Cabinet Mission Plan - Wevel Plan - India Independent Act; Role of Revolutionaries

Telangana State Board of Intermediate Education, Hyderabad

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

(w.e.f. 2019-20)

HISTORY - Paper -1

Time: 3 Hours Max Marks: 100

Section A

Answer any Three (3) of the following questions in not exceeding 40 lines each.

Each question carries 10 Marks

 $3 \cdot 10 = 30 \text{ Marks}$

- 1. Explain the important features of Indus Valley Civilization.
- 2. Write an essay on the Mauryan Administration.
- 3. Estimate the greatness of Shivaji.
- 4. Discuss various causes led to the outbreak of 1857 Revolt.
- 5. Write an account of Non-cooperation movement in India.

Section B

Answer any Eight (8) of the following questions in not exceeding 20 lines each.

Each question carries 5 Marks.

8 | 5 = 40 Marks

- 6. Write a brief note on Archaeological sources.
- 7. Discuss the Religious conditions of Vedic Period.
- 8. What were the factors contributed for the rise of Magadhan Empire.
- 9. Describe the greatness of Harshavardhana.
- 10. Give an account of Chola's local self Government.
- 11. Marketing reforms of Alllauddin Khilji.
- 12. Bring out the main features of Bhakti Preachers.
- 13. Mention the causes for the decline of Mughal Empire.
- 14. Describe the greatness of Ranjith Singh.

- 15. Give an account of Swadeshi Movement.
- 16. Write a brief note on Role of Revolutionaries in Freedom movement of India.
- 17. Show the extent of Ashoka's Empire and locate the following places in the given map.
 - a) Kalinga b) Pataliputra c) Taxila d) Sanchi

(Or)

Identify the following places of Akbar Empire.

a) Delhi b) Panipat c) Kandahar d) Khandesh e) Malwa

Section C

Answer any Fifteen (15) of the following questions in not exceeding 5 lines each.

Each question carries 2 Marks.

 $15 \mid 2 = 30 \text{ Marks}$

- 19. Indus Script
- 20. Vedangas
- 21. Buddhist councils
- 22. Ajathasatru
- 23. Indica
- 24. Gandhara Art
- 25. Allahabad prasasti
- 26. Somnath Temple
- 27. Second Battle of Tarain
- 28. Mansabdari System.
- 29. Balaji Vishwanath
- 30. Gurunanak
- 31. Indian National Cngress
- 32. Robert Clive.
- 33. Arya Samaj
- 34. Cornwallis Code
- 35. Rowlatt Satyagraha.
- 36. Simon Commission.
- 37. Cripps Mission